

## Test

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1. The raspberry belongs to
  - a) Jabučastoj grupi voćaka
  - b) Jezgrastoj grupi voćaka
  - c) Jagodastoj grupi voćaka
2. The length of the one-year offshoots of raspberry could be:
  - a) From some cm to over 3 metra
  - b) Less than 10 cm
  - c) from 4-5 meters
3. In case of damage of the upper bud (late frost), the fruitful branch is developed behind:
  - a) Lower bud
  - b) Middle bud
  - c) Upper bud
4. The blooming at raspberries lasts for:
  - a) 10-15 days
  - b) 15-25 days
  - c) 30-35 days
5. The raspberry fruit is:
  - a) Mix of nut
  - b) Mix of drupe
  - c) berry
6. Are the crumbling fruit varieties recommended for cultivation?
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
7. The growth of the underground part of the offshoot for replacement is achieved on a temperature:
  - a) 0-1°C
  - b) 2-4°C
  - c) 4-6°C
8. The total growth and development of the raspberry fruit lasts for:
  - a) Less than 30 days
  - b) 30-32 days
  - c) More than 40 days
9. The average relative air humidity in raspberry production is :
  - a) around 60%
  - b) around 75%
  - c) around 85%
10. The system of vertical trellis for raspberries is characterized by:
  - a) Three row wires

- b) One row wires
  - c) Teo row wires
11. The back for the Miker variety:
- a) Requires a setting-up of cross-carrier strips
  - b) Does not require a setting-up of cross-carrier strips
12. System „V“ cultivation of raspberries is characterized by:
- a) Setting of two carrier strips at an inter-corner of 20° with two-line wires.
  - b) Setting of two carrier strips at an inter-corner of less than 20° with two-line wires.
13. The binal raspberry types give fruit:
- a) Once during the life-cycle
  - b) Twice during the life-cycle
  - c) Three times during the life cycle
14. The binal (homogenous) type of raspberry is:
- a) Tulameen
  - b) Heritage
  - c) Polka
15. One-year type of raspberry is
- a) Vilamet
  - b) Autumn Bliss
  - c) Glen Emple
16. The main objective of the integral production is:
- a) To eliminate the usage of the agricultural chemicals
17. To lessen or even exclude the agricultural chemicals
18. The usage of chemicals in the integral production is :
- a) Total
  - b) Preventive
  - c) Not allowed
19. In the integral production of raspberries, the chemical regulators of growth, for the growth management, the improvement of color, i.s. the gloss of the fruit:
- a) Can be used
  - b) Cannot be used
20. In the integral production of raspberries it is used:
- a) Certified plant material
  - b) Non-certified plant material
21. pH value of the land for the raspberry planting in the integral production is:
- a) under 5,5
  - b) 5,5-6,5

- c) over 6,5
22. In the integral production the space between two raspberries is not allowed on:
- a) 200 meters
  - b) 100 meters
  - c) 50 meters
23. Which type of raspberry is recommended for integral production:
- a) Vilamet
  - b) Prelud
  - c) Oktavija
24. In the conventional production, on the first place it is the:
- a) Usage of pesticides
  - b) Usage of agro-technical measures
  - c) The yield
25. The monitoring of the plant from diseases and pests in the integral raspberry production need to be:
- a) regular
  - b) seldom
  - c) irregular
26. The conventional production is:
- a) Ecologically accepted
  - b) Ecologically unaccepted
27. The integral production is:
- c) Ecologically accepted
  - d) Ecologically unaccepted
28. The persistent herbicides in the integral raspberry production are:
- a) allowed
  - b) partly allowed
  - c) forbidden
29. The insects from the group of the synthetic piretorids in the integral raspberry production are:
- a) allowed
  - b) allowed with limitations
  - c) forbidden
30. The maximum number of treatments of fungicides during the year in the integral raspberry production is:
- a) 2
  - b) 4
  - c) 6
31. The maximum number of treatments of herbicides during the year in the integral raspberry production is:

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3