

Test

Please answer just to one of the alternatives proposed at each question

1. Which kind of risk is considered by the definition of agro-food safety
 - Food borne that causes illness in animals
 - Food borne that causes illness in humans
 - Food borne that causes loss of quality of food
 - Agrochemicals damaging ozone

2. Compared to the past, how concerning it is now food safety
 - Less concerning
 - Under control
 - More concerning
 - Same as before

3. How consumers consider agro-food safety
 - Consumers overestimate risk
 - Consumers discount food is safe
 - Consumers trust labels
 - Consumers trust high price

4. Willingness to pay for higher safety products is
 - Higher
 - Lower
 - Same
 - Less than marginal costs

5. What is intended for self-regulation
 - The company sets, controls and monitors the safety parameters
 - The company uses brands to certify
 - The certification is illegal
 - The certification is not communicated to the market

6. The precautionary principle
 - Defines the rules for labeling novel food
 - Allows importing all new food
 - Is just for genetically modified food
 - Tells products with same aspect can be recognized as equivalent

7. Internal regulation on agro-food safety
 - Reduces the import
 - Reduces export
 - Increases price of world products
 - Increases costs

8. When utility is maximum

- When quality is max and quantity is of the right amount
- When income is higher
- When consumers are hungry
- When price is low

9. The willingness to pay

- Is the ration between attributed utility and price sensitivity
- Depends by the occasion
- Is higher on Christmas time
- it does not depend upon utility

10. regression is

- a statistical method to predict relationships between variables mathematically
- a statistical analysis to do graphs
- an asteroid
- a phrasal form

11. the R-square

- measures the goodness of fit
- is a square of a real number
- it is connected to the coefficients of a regression
- is part of a utility function

12. the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) is

- a military authority
- an agency dealing with communication on risks associated with the food chain
- a food market
- a food sector

13. The principal aim of the Regulation EC) NO. 178/2002 is:

- to protect food industry
- to reduce the level of air pollution
- to protect public health and consumers' interests in relation to food
- to certificate the nutritional claim